

1 ANDREW K. WHITMAN (SBN 128358) 821 N. Signal St. 2 Ojai, Ca 93023 (805) 444-5671 3 andyw821@gmail.com 4 In Pro Per and Attorney for Heidi A. Whitman, Nancy L. 5 Whitman and John R. and Nancy L. Whitman Family Trust 6 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 10 11 Case No. 19STCP01176 SANTA BARBARA CHANNELKEEPER, a California non-profit corporation, Assigned to Judge William F. Highberger 12 Dept.: 10 13 Petitioner, Complaint filed: September 19, 2014 14 CROSS DEFENDANTS ANDREW K. 15 STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL WHITMAN, HEIDI A. WHITMAN, 16 BOARD, A CALIFORNIA STATE AGENCY: NANCY L. WHITMAN AND JOHN R. CITY OF SAN BUENAVENTURA, a AND NANCY L. WHITMAN FAMILY 17 California municipal corporation, incorrectly TRUST'S STATEMENT RE CITY named as CITY OF BUENAVENTURA, REFUSAL TO PRODUCE EXPERT 18 DOCUMENTS/MATERIALS 19 Respondents. 20 CITY OF SAN BUENAVENTURA, a California municipal corporation, 21 22 Cross-Complainant, v. 23 24 DUNCAN ABBOTT, an individual, et al. 25 Cross-Defendants. 26 TO: CROSS-COMPLAINTANT CITY OF SANBUENAVENTURA, ALL PARTIES 27 AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD: 28

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This Court has allowed for further briefing concerning the Computer Model utilized by CITY OF VENTURA (CITY) and the associated protective order concerning the model. At the initial hearing on the motion for approval of the protective order my clients objected on grounds that the CITY has refused to produce the model despite my clients' willingness to sign the protective order.

MODEL TO ANY CROSS-DEFENDANT WHO AGREES TO MAINTAIN CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE MODEL AND WITHOUT THE NEED TO PREPARE AND FILE A MOTION AND OBTAIN APPROVAL OF THE COURT

At the ex parte hearing, the CITY's attorneys attempted to distort the factual setting of the dispute which was created by the CITY. An accurate recounting of how this dispute arose is as follows: After receiving notice of the CITY's ex parte hearing concerning the protective order, legal counsel for a handful of cross-defendants (Andrew K. Whitman) communicated with legal counsel for the CITY and asked that the cross-defendants be added to the names listed in the protective order. It was volunteered that the CITY would not need to immediately send the protected material (computer modeling software) and that it was possible that cross-defendants might not ever request possession of the model. The CITY responded that it would not agree to add my clients to the stipulation unless I had an expert. I asked the CITY if they had any legal

The full text of Whitman's communication to the CITY:

[&]quot;I haven't decided yet whether I want the model but I dont want to have to go to court to approve my inclusion in the protective order if I later decide I want it. I think the easiest resolution is to add me to the stip and protective order. At the moment I wouldnt know what I was looking at if I received a copy of the model so don't currently want a copy. If I get someone to help me understand the model (something I am looking into) I would then want a copy of the model and agree to be subject to the protective order provisions. If you agree to add my name to the order (I'm an attorney and represent myself and three others) and also agree that you dont need to send the model unless I request it (either in the order or as a side agreement) then I wouldnt have to make an appearance tomorrow. Thanks for your consideration."

The CITY's response: "I am hesitant to agree to your inclusion at this point before you have retained an expert. The point of this stipulation is that the experts are going to get the model in a form that can be altered or manipulated so that they can then advise their clients on the merits of the model. The experts can then share the model (or any portions of it) with their clients, but that must be done in a "read only" mode. From my perspective, that is the best way to insure that the model is only used for litigation purposes. There is a provision in the Stipulation to add parties, subject to notice and court approval. I would suggest that once you retain an expert we revisit this issue, and at that point I may not have any problem with including you as a party to the stipulation."

authority for the proposition that they could refuse to produce expert witness material to a party willing to stipulate to a protective order? I further indicated I would oppose the stipulation based upon CITY's refusal to accommodate my clients.³ The CITY then indicated it would communicate that my clients opposed the ex parte application.⁴ No legal authority for the CITY's position has ever been provided.

When an expert has relied on privileged material to formulate an opinion, the court may exclude their testimony as necessary to enforce the privilege. Fox v. Kramer (2000) 22 Cal.4th 531, 541. The privilege that is claimed is held by the CITY's expert and she has the option to not provide testimony and thereby protect her work product. She has also been given the option to have her work protected from dissemination by way of a protective order. What is not an option is for the CITY's expert to offer opinion testimony that is based upon material that hasn't been admitted into evidence and without the opportunity of the cross-defendants to examine concerning the details of the actual computer model relied upon. An expert's opinion that is not supported by the facts is inadmissible. Sanchez v. Kern Emergency Med. Transp. Corp. (2017) 8 Cal.App.5th 146, 155–156. A judge should not permit an expert to testify to an opinion that is not reasonably based on the evidence. Pedeferri v. Seidner Enters. (2013) 216 Cal.App.4th 359, 375.

The CITY was asked if there was any legal authority for the proposition that it could refuse to provide a party with the materials their expert witnesses rely upon⁵. No response to this inquiry has ever been provided by the CITY.

The CITY's objection is apparently based upon the fact that the Whitman Defendants have not disclosed an expert witness. However, there is no articulation of fact or law that renders

³ "Can you cite any legal authority for your position at a party who is willing to stipulate to your protective order is not entitled to a model unless they have an expert? I will be opposing the stipulation based upon your refusal to accommodate my clients."

⁴ "I am posting to the message board that you are opposing the application so that the Court is aware of your opposition."

⁵ CITY contends it need not produce the evidence and material relied upon their expert in formulating her opinions if the cross-defendant has not retained its own expert. For the record the Whitman defendants have designated Jordan Kier as a non-retained expert.

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expert retention as relevant to the need to disclose expert materials as part of expert discovery. A party who does not have an expert is nonetheless entitled to obtain the materials the expert relies upon in discovery and to cross-examine the expert concerning the materials that form the basis of the expert's opinion. The computer model that forms the basis of the CITY's requested protective order is precisely the type of evidence that must be disclosed in discovery. Furthermore, no matter what the protective order states the computer model will need to be admitted into evidence if the CITY's expert testifies at trial.⁶

The computer model must be part of the evidence if the expert's testimony is to be admitted. In addition, each cross-defendants has the right to depose and cross-examine the CITY's expert on all of her opinions, including the basis of her opinions. Cross-defendants must be permitted to examine the materials the expert relies upon or they are being denied the right to conduct discovery permitted by the Code of Civil Procedure and denied their legal right to crossexamine the expert witness both at deposition and trial. If every cross-defendant isn't given the opportunity to review the material the expert relies upon, then the testimony needs to be excluded.

The CITY's position raises an issue previously addressed in this case. The CITY has asserted that the computer model doesn't serve any purpose other than to an expert witness. This Court has expressed repeatedly that it is not an expert concerning hydrogeology. Yet, the Court is required to determine whether hydrogeology experts regularly rely on computer models rather than actual data collection. If the Court concludes yes - an expert should be expected to rely upon computer modeling - then the next question is whether the model is the same type that experts regularly rely upon to form opinions concerning a salient point of testimony.

How can this Court decide these foundational questions concerning the admissibility of the expert's testimony without having the computer model itself in evidence and without having an expert witness/special master to compare and contrast the computer model with foundational material that an expert can rely upon? The Court should reconsider the motion to appoint a special

⁶ The CITY can ask that the computer model be sealed but whether the request will be granted is subject to the First Amendment scrutiny.

master to assist the Court given that the CITY has now made it abundantly clear that it will need expert assistance to decide whether the Court can admit the testimony of the CITY's expert.

II. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

There is no basis for the CITY to refuse disclosure of the computer model prepared by and relied upon by the CITY's expert. Any cross-defendant who agrees to maintain the confidentiality of the computer model should receive the model without the need to file a motion. Treating the information with confidentiality is an accommodation to the expert. If that is not a sufficient accommodation in her mind then she should withdraw from testifying. A cross-defendant should not be forced to file a motion (and receive a 100 page opposition from a firm padding its bills). The burden should be on the expert witness and the CITY to demonstrate why the signature on a confidentiality agreement is not sufficient protection of the expert's rights. There is no law which permits an expert's testimony without complete disclosure of the background material the expert relies upon.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: January 7, 2022

/s/ Andrew K. Whitman

ANDREW K. WHITMAN, in pro per, and attorney for HEIDI A. WHITMAN, NANCY L. WHITMAN and the JOHN R. and NANCY L. WHITMAN FAMILY TRUST